

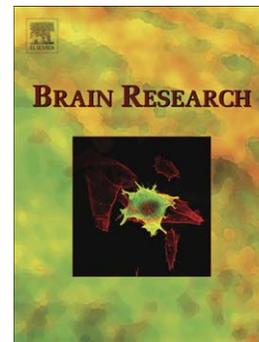
## Accepted Manuscript

Corrigendum to “Lipopolysaccharide-induced protein kinase D activation mediated by interleukin-1 $\beta$  and protein kinase C” [Brain Res. 1145 (2007) 19–27]

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Corrigendum

Corrigendum to “Lipopolysaccharide-induced protein kinase D activation mediated by interleukin-1 $\beta$  and protein kinase C” [Brain Res. 1145 (2007) 19–27]

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The authors regret that there are errors in Figure 7. The corrected Figure 7 and its legend appear here.

(Insert figure 7 here.)

Fig. 7 - Antisense ODN to IL-1RI inhibited the expression of phosphorylated PKD induced by carrageenan in the spinal cord detected by immunohistochemistry. Antisense ODN (50  $\mu$ g/10  $\mu$ l) was i.t. injected once daily for 3 days. On the 3rd day following i.t. injection, carrageenan was i.pl. injected. Three hours later, rats were sacrificed and the expression of phosphorylated PKD in the spinal cord was detected using the antibodies recognizing PKD when phosphorylated at Ser-916. Images are shown for phosphorylated PKD immunostaining in the ipsilateral spinal dorsal horn of normal group (A), carrageenan group (B) and carrageenan plus antisense group (C). PKD-immunoreactive cells were mainly limited to the superficial layers of the spinal dorsal horn. The results were quantified and demonstrated (D). Data are presented as means  $\pm$  SEM ( $n=6$ ). \*\*  $P < 0.01$  vs. normal group; #  $P < 0.05$  vs. Carrageenan group. Scale bar=200  $\mu$ m.

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